

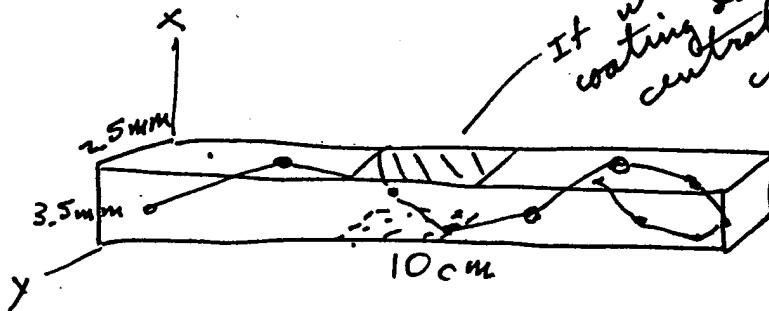
Slab ASE 01**Inputs:**

10	slab length (cm)
0.35	slab height (cm)
0.25	slab thickness (cm)
1.82	slab refractive index
1.6	parasitic coating index
0.08	specific gain (nepers/cm)
100000	number of rays to launch

more than
1000 parasitic
rays found

Outputs:

0.08	maximum gain (nepers/cm)
-21.9501	minimum gain (nepers/cm)



If we could apply a diffuse coating directly to the slab over the central could probably support all parasitic modes

} a kind of
barrel mode
parasitic
exists.

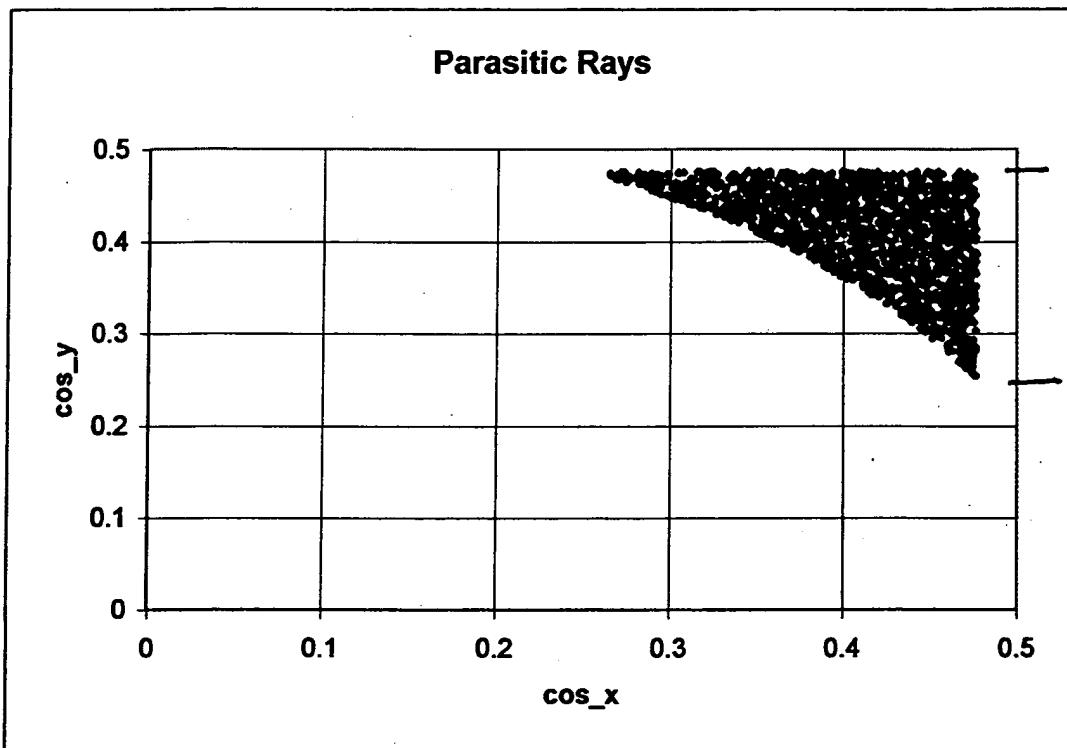
For $n_c < \sqrt{n_s^2 - \frac{1}{2}}$
this can be
a zero-loss
parasitic mode

For Parasitic Mode:

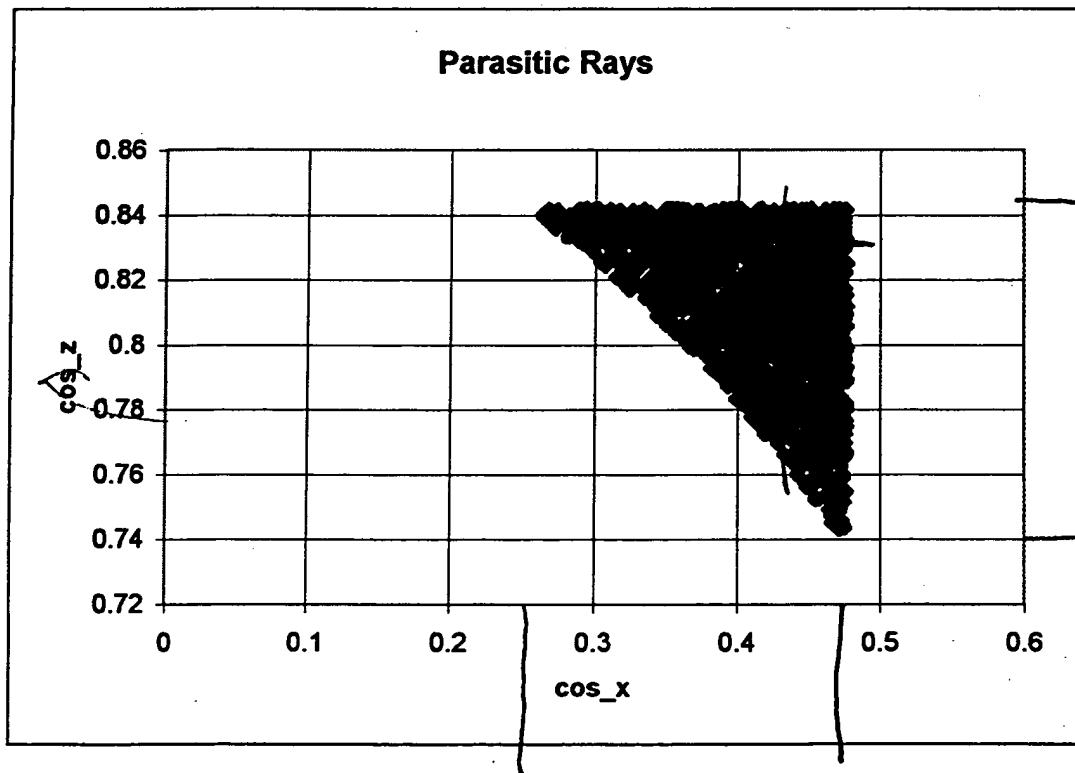
Average distance travelled between strikes on top and bottom $\approx \frac{3.5 \text{ mm}}{.4} = 8.75 \text{ mm}$

Average distance travelled between strikes on left and right sides $\approx \frac{2.5 \text{ mm}}{.4} = 6.25 \text{ mm}$

Average distance travelled between strikes on slab ends $\approx \frac{10 \text{ cm}}{.82} = 12.2 \text{ cm}$



$\approx \theta_c$
 62°
 13
 75°
 $.25$
 $.47$



$\approx \theta_c$
 32.6°
 10°
 42.3°
 $.740$
 $.842$

$.25$
 75°
 $.47$
 62°
 13°
 $\approx \theta_c$

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```
Dim GainDistribution(1000)
Const pi As Double = 3.141592654

Sub Main()
'
' Main Macro
' Macro recorded 9/6/97 by Raymond J. Beach
'
' Keyboard Shortcut: Ctrl+u
'

'Get input parameters
    Worksheets("sheet1").Select
    Range("length").Select: SlabLength = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("height").Select: SlabHeight = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("thickness").Select: SlabThickness = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("slabindex").Select: SlabIndex = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("coatingindex").Select: CoatingIndex = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("specificgain").Select: SpecificGain = ActiveCell.Value
    Range("numberofrays").Select: NumberOfRays = ActiveCell.Value

'Define other parameters
    NumberOfParasiticDirections = 0
    Nbins = 100
    MaxGain = SpecificGain
    Range("maximumgain").Select: ActiveCell.Value = MaxGain
    RelativeIndex = SlabIndex / CoatingIndex
    If SlabHeight < SlabThickness Then
        MinGain = 2 * Log((RelativeIndex - 1) / (RelativeIndex + 1)) / SlabHeight
    Else
        MinGain = 2 * Log((RelativeIndex - 1) / (RelativeIndex + 1)) / SlabThickness
    End If
    Range("minimumgain").Select: ActiveCell.Value = MinGain

'Initialize the random number generator
    Randomize

'Start the launch cycle
For i = 1 To NumberOfRays

    'Define a random launch direction in (+,+,+)quadrant using direction cosines to define the direction
        Phi = (pi / 2) * Rnd
        Theta = (pi / 2) * Rnd
    'x is the slab height direction
    'y is the slab thickness direction
    'z is the slab length direction
        cx = Sin(Theta) * Cos(Phi) 'direction cos in x-direction
        cy = Sin(Theta) * Sin(Phi) 'direction cos in y-direction
        cz = Cos(Theta)           'direction cos in z-direction

    'Define unpolarized Fresnel reflection coefficients for three different planes that generate image space
        'x-plane calculation
        Thetal1 = ArcCos(cx)
        Temp = SlabIndex * Sin(Thetal1) / CoatingIndex
        If Abs(Temp) > 1 Then
            Refx = 1
        Else
            Theta2 = ArcSin(Temp)
            Refx = ((Sin(Thetal1 - Theta2) / Sin(Thetal1 + Theta2)) ^ 2 + (Tan(Thetal1 - Theta2) / Tan(Thetal1 + Theta2)) ^ 2) / 2
        End If
        'y-plane Calculation
        Thetal1 = ArcCos(cy)
        Temp = SlabIndex * Sin(Thetal1) / CoatingIndex
        If Abs(Temp) > 1 Then
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Module1 - 2

    Refy = 1
    Else
        Theta2 = ArcSin(Temp)
        Refy = ((Sin(Thetal - Theta2) / Sin(Thetal + Theta2)) ^ 2 + (Tan(Thetal - Theta2) / Tan(
Thetal + Theta2)) ^ 2) / 2
    End If
    'z-plane calculation
    Thetal = ArcCos(cz)
    Temp = SlabIndex * Sin(Thetal)
    If Abs(Temp) > 1 Then
        Refz = 1
    Else
        Theta2 = ArcSin(Temp)
        Refz = ((Sin(Thetal - Theta2) / Sin(Thetal + Theta2)) ^ 2 + (Tan(Thetal - Theta2) / Tan(
Thetal + Theta2)) ^ 2) / 2
    End If

'Calculate the loss per cm in nepers/cm due to x, y, and z reflections
    Nepersx = cx * Log(Refx) / SlabHeight
    Nepersy = cy * Log(Refy) / SlabThickness
    Nepersz = cz * Log(Refz) / SlabLength

'Calculate the net gain-loss in nepers/cm seen by this ray
    Nepers = SpecificGain + Nepersx + Nepersy + Nepersz

'Bin this launch
    BinNumber = Nbins * (Nepers - MinGain) / (MaxGain - MinGain)
    If BinNumber < 0 Then BinNumber = 0
    GainDistribution(BinNumber) = GainDistribution(BinNumber) + 1

    If Nepers > 0 Then
        Beep
        NumberOfParasiticDirections = NumberOfParasiticDirections + 1
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 1).Value = cx
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 2).Value = cy
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 3).Value = cz
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 4).Value = Refx
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 5).Value = Refy
        Worksheets("sheet2").Cells(1 + NumberOfParasiticDirections, 6).Value = Refz
        Check = Sqr(cx ^ 2 + cy ^ 2 + cz ^ 2)
    End If

    Next i

End Sub

Function ArcCos(C)
    'Returns the Arc Cos of C.

    If C = 0 Then
        ArcCos = pi / 2
    Else
        ArcCos = Atn(Sqr(1 - C ^ 2) / C)
    End If

End Function

Function ArcSin(S)
    'Returns the Arc Sin of S

    If S = 1 Then
        ArcSin = pi / 2
    Else
        ArcSin = Atn(S / Sqr(1 - S ^ 2))
    End If

End Function

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